



The 65th ASH Annual Meeting Abstracts

ORAL ABSTRACTS

642. CHRONIC LYMPHOCYTIC LEUKEMIA: CLINICAL AND EPIDEMIOLOGICAL

First-Line Venetoclax Combinations in Fit Patients with CLL: 4-Year Follow-up and NGS-Based MRD Analysis from the Phase 3 GAIA/CLL13 Trial

Moritz Fürstenau, MD¹, Matthias Ritgen², Sandra Robrecht, PhD³, Julia Von Tresckow, MD⁴, Can Zhang, PhD⁵, Anke Schilhabel⁶, Michael Gregor⁷, Patrick Thornton⁸, Philipp Bernhard Staber, MD PhD⁹, Tamar Tadmor¹⁰, Vesa Lindström¹¹, Gunnar Juliusson, MDPH¹², Ann Janssens, MD¹³, Mark-David Levin¹⁴, Caspar Da Cunha-Bang, MD PhD¹⁵, Christof Schneider, MD¹⁶, Neta Goldschmidt¹⁷, Elisabeth Vandenberghe, MD¹⁸, Davide Rossi¹⁹, Rudolf A. Benz, MD²⁰, Daniel Heintel²¹, Christian Bjørn Poulsen²², Ilse Christiansen, MD PhD²³, Henrik Frederiksen, MDPH²⁴, Lisbeth Enggaard²⁵, Eduardus Posthuma²⁶, Djamila Issa^{27,28}, Hein Visser²⁹, Mar Bellido, MDPH³⁰, Nadine Kutsch³¹, Jan Dürig³², Alexander Stehle³³, Matthias C. Voehringer, MD³⁴, Sebastian Böttcher³⁵, Clemens Schulte³⁶, Florian Simon, MD³⁷, Anna-Maria Fink, MD³, Kirsten Fischer, MD³, Emily Holmes³⁸, Karl-Anton Kreuzer³⁷, Monika Brüggemann, MD³⁹, Eugen Tausch, MD⁴⁰, Stephan Stilgenbauer, MD⁴⁰, Michael Hallek, MD⁴¹, Arnon P. Kater, MDPH⁴², Carsten Utoft Niemann, MD PhD⁴³, Barbara F. Eichhorst, MD⁴⁴

¹ Faculty of Medicine and University Hospital Cologne, Department I of Internal Medicine, Center for Integrated Oncology Aachen Bonn Cologne Duesseldorf; German CLL Study Group, University of Cologne, Koeln, Germany

² Department II of Internal Medicine, University of Schleswig-Holstein, Kiel, Germany

³ Faculty of Medicine and University Hospital Cologne, Department I of Internal Medicine, Center for Integrated Oncology Aachen Bonn Cologne Duesseldorf; German CLL Study Group, University of Cologne, Cologne, Germany

⁴ Clinic for Hematology and Stem Cell Transplantation, West German Cancer Center, University Hospital Essen, University of Duisburg-Essen, Essen, Germany

⁵ German CLL Study Group, Cologne, DEU

⁶ 2nd Department of Internal Medicine, University of Schleswig-Holstein, Campus Ki, Kiel, DEU

⁷ Division of Hematology, Cantonal Hospital of Lucerne, Lucerne, Switzerland, Luzern, CHE

⁸ Department of Haematology, Beaumont Hospital, RCSI, Cancer Trials Ireland, Dublin, Dublin, IRL

⁹ Department of Medicine I, Division of Hematology & Hemostaseology, Medical University of Vienna, Vienna, Austria

¹⁰ Hematology, Bnai-Zion Medical Center, Haifa, Haifa, ISR

¹¹ Comprehensive Cancer Center, Department of Hematology, Helsinki University Hospital and University of Helsinki, Helsinki, Finland

¹² Lund Stem Cell Center Lund University & Hospital, Lund, Sweden

¹³ University Hospitals Leuven, Leuven, Belgium

¹⁴ Department of Internal Medicine, Albert Schweitzer Hospital, Dordrecht, Dordrecht, NLD

¹⁵ Rigshospitalet, Cohagenpen, DNK

¹⁶ Division of CLL, Department of Internal Medicine III, University of Ulm, Ulm, Germany

¹⁷ Department of Hematology, Hadassah Medical Center, Jerusalem, Jerusalem, ISR

¹⁸ St. James's Hospital, Dublin, IRL

¹⁹ Clinic of Hematology, Oncology Institute of Southern Switzerland, Ente Ospedaliero Cantonale, Bellinzona, Switzerland

²⁰ Hematology, Muensterlingen, CHE

²¹ Division of Medicine I, Klinik Ottakring, Vienna, Austria, Vienna, AUT

²² Department of Hematology, Zealand University Hospital, Roskilde, Denmark, Roskilde, DNK

²³ Department of Hematology, Aalborg University Hospital, Aalborg, Denmark, Aalborg, DNK

²⁴ Department of Hematology, Odense University Hospital, Odense, Denmark

²⁵ Herlev Hospital, Herlev, DNK

²⁶ Department of Internal Medicine, Reinier The Graaf Hospital, Delft, Delft, NLD

²⁷ VU Medical Centre, Amsterdam, NLD

²⁸ Jeroen Bosch hospital, Den Bosch, Netherlands

²⁹ Northwest Clinics, Alkmaar, NLD

³⁰Department of Hematology, University Medical Center Groningen, Groningen, NLD

³¹University of Cologne, Cologne, DEU

³²Department for Hematology and Stem Cell Transplantation, University Hospital Essen, Essen, Germany, Essen, DEU

³³Department of Hematology and Oncology, Robert-Bosch-Krankenhaus, Stuttgart, Stuttgart, Germany

³⁴Robert Bosch Krankenhaus, Onkologie, Stuttgart, DEU

³⁵Department of Medicine III Hematology, Oncology and Palliative Care, University Hospital, Rostock, Germany

³⁶Gemeinschaftspraxis für Hämatologie und Onkologie, Dortmund, Dortmund, DEU

³⁷Faculty of Medicine and University Hospital Cologne, Department I of Internal Medicine, Center for Integrated Oncology Aachen Bonn Cologne Duesseldorf; German CLL Study Group, University of Cologne, Cologne, Cologne, DEU

³⁸German CLL Study Group, University of Cologne, Cologne, Cologne, Germany

³⁹Clinic for Internal Medicine II - Haematology, Oncology, University Clinic Schleswig-Holstein, Kiel, Germany

⁴⁰Department of Internal Medicine III, Division of CLL, Ulm University, Ulm, Germany

⁴¹Faculty of Medicine and Cologne University Hospital, Department I of Internal Medicine, Center for Integrated Oncology Aachen Bonn Cologne Duesseldorf, University of Cologne, Cologne, Germany, Cologne, Germany

⁴²Department of Hematology, Amsterdam UMC, University of Amsterdam, Amsterdam, Netherlands

⁴³Department of Hematology, Copenhagen University Hospital - Rigshospitalet, Copenhagen, Denmark

⁴⁴University of Cologne, Cologne, Germany

Background

The primary endpoint analysis of the GAIA trial showed superior progression-free survival (PFS) and undetectable MRD (uMRD) rates for venetoclax-obinutuzumab (GV) and GV + ibrutinib (GIV) compared to chemoimmunotherapy (CIT) (Eichhorst et al., NEJM 2023). With additional follow-up, outcomes of the venetoclax (ven)-containing arms were compared and NGS-based MRD results were analyzed.

Methods

The phase 3 GAIA trial compared 3 different time-limited ven-based combinations against CIT in fit, treatment-naïve patients (pts) with CLL without *TP53* aberrations. Pts were randomized to CIT (FCR ≤65 years; BR >65 years), GV, GIV or ven-rituximab (RV). In addition to MRD by flow cytometry (FCM), exploratory MRD analyses were performed using the amplicon-based EuroClonality NGS assay. Reported *p* values have a descriptive character.

Results

In total 926 pts were randomized (CIT: 229, RV: 237, GV: 229, GIV: 231). After a median observation time of 50.7 months (interquartile range 44.6-57.9), all pts are now off study treatment. PFS continued to be superior for GV and GIV compared to CIT (GV: median not reached [NR] vs 59.4 months; hazard ratio [HR] 0.47 [97.5% CI 0.32-0.69], *p*<0.001; GIV: NR vs 59.4 months, HR 0.30 [97.5% CI 0.19-0.47], *p*<0.001, **Figure 1A**). PFS with GV and GIV was also superior compared to RV (GV: NR vs 63.2 months; HR 0.57 [97.5% CI 0.38-0.84], *p*=0.001; GIV: NR vs 63.2 months, HR 0.38 [97.5% CI 0.24-0.59], *p*<0.001). PFS between GIV and GV was not significantly different (both NR, HR 0.63 [97.5% CI 0.39-1.02], *p*>0.025), however, GIV was associated with longer PFS compared to GV in pts with unmutated IGHV (HR 0.58 [95% CI 0.36-0.94]) but not in pts with mutated IGHV (HR 0.87 [95% CI 0.33-2.31]). Estimated 4-year PFS rates were 62.0% (CIT), 70.1% (RV), 81.8% (GV) and 85.5% (GIV). The estimated 4-year rates for time to next treatment were 77.2% (CIT), 86.2% (RV), 90.4% (GV) and 96.0% (GIV). Of the 111 pts with subsequent therapies for CLL-type progression (excluding 12 pts with treatment for Richter's transformation as second line), 60 (54.1%) received BTKi-based therapies, 30 (27.0%) ven-based treatments, 12 (10.8%) ven + BTKi and 5 (5.4%) CIT as second-line treatments. No differences in overall survival were observed between the treatment arms (4-year OS rates, CIT 93.5%; RV 96.2%; GV 95.1%; GIV 95.0%).

In a multivariate analysis, unmutated IGHV (HR 2.86 [95% CI 1.64-5.01], *p*<0.001) and bulky disease (any lymph node ≥ 5 cm, HR 1.73 [95% CI 1.11-2.69], *p*=0.016) were independently associated with shorter PFS in the pooled GV/GIV arms.

NGS-based MRD data in PB was available for 816 pts at month 15. Of these, 22.7% (52 pts, CIT), 23.6% (56 pts, RV), 60.3% (138 pts, GV) and 66.2% (153 pts, GIV) achieved uMRD <10⁻⁶ (uMRD₆, **Figure 1B**). In all treatment arms, PFS was shorter in pts with MRD ≥10⁻⁶ compared to those with uMRD₆ (CIT: HR 9.98 [95% CI 3.64-27.38], RV: HR 6.57 [95% CI 2.72-16.77], GV: HR 3.93 [95% CI 2.18-7.09], GIV: HR 2.10 [95% CI 1.03-4.28]). Pts who achieved uMRD below the conventional cut-off of 10⁻⁴ by FCM but still had low levels of detectable MRD (≥10⁻⁶ & <10⁻⁴) by NGS had shorter PFS than pts achieving uMRD₆ in the pooled GV/GIV arms (HR 2.18 [95% CI 1.32-3.61], **Figure 1C**). A similar correlation was seen with CIT (HR 4.49 [95% CI 1.53-13.14]) and RV (HR 3.40 [95% CI 1.29-8.98]). In pts with uMRD₆ at MO15, clinical response (partial/complete response) did not influence PFS.

Grade ≥3 infections were highest in GIV and CIT (CIT: 45 pts [20.8%], RV: 27 [11.4%], GV: 34 [14.9%], GIV: 51 [22.1%]) and cardiac disorders most frequent with GIV (CIT: 14 pts [6.5%], RV: 19 [8.0%], GV: 18 [7.9%], GIV: 41 [17.7%]). Fatal adverse events occurred in 16 (7.4%, CIT), 8 (3.4%, RV), 9 (3.9%, GV) and 11 (4.8%, GIV) pts. The rate of second primary malignancies was higher with CIT (4.19/1000 patient-months) compared to RV (2.34), GV (2.39) and GIV (2.88). When excluding non-melanoma skin cancer, the incidence rates were 2.21 (CIT) 1.21 (RV), 1.16 (GV) and 2.36 (GIV).

Conclusions

With more than 4 years of follow-up, GV and GIV show superior PFS compared to CIT and RV. Pts with unmutated IGHV have longer PFS with GIV compared to GV. A majority of pts treated with time-limited GV or GIV (60.3% and 66.2%) achieves uMRD₆ at MO15. NGS-based MRD assessment identifies pts with very long PFS and appears to improve prognostication in pts with

uMRD $<10^{-4}$ by conventional FCM. Unmutated IGHV and bulky disease were independently associated with shorter PFS in pooled GV/GIV.

Disclosures Fürstenau: BeiGene: Research Funding; AstraZeneca: Research Funding; Janssen: Research Funding; Roche: Research Funding; Abbvie: Honoraria, Research Funding. **Ritgen:** Janssen: Consultancy, Honoraria; Roche: Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding; AstraZeneca: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: travel support; Abbvie: Consultancy, Research Funding. **Von Tresckow:** AstraZeneca: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other, Speakers Bureau; Roche: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other, Speakers Bureau; Abbvie: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: travel grant, Speakers Bureau; Janssen: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other, Speakers Bureau. **Tadmor:** Janssen: Research Funding; Abbvie, ROCHE, Janssen, AstraZeneca, Takeda: Consultancy, Honoraria. **Juliusson:** Abbvie: Honoraria; Jazz: Honoraria; Servier: Honoraria; Laboratoire Delbert: Other: Research cooperation; Novartis: Honoraria. **Janssens:** Novartis: Speakers Bureau; Eli-Lilly: Speakers Bureau; Amgen: Speakers Bureau; Gilead: Consultancy; Abbvie: Consultancy; Roche: Consultancy; Takeda: Consultancy, Speakers Bureau; Sanofi: Speakers Bureau; Janssen-Cilag: Consultancy, Speakers Bureau; Beigene: Consultancy, Speakers Bureau; MSD: Consultancy; Argencx: Consultancy; AstraZeneca: Consultancy, Speakers Bureau. **Levin:** Abbvie: Honoraria; Janssen: Honoraria; Roche: Honoraria. **Schneider:** Abbvie: Honoraria, Speakers Bureau; AstraZeneca: Consultancy, Honoraria, Speakers Bureau; BeiGene: Other: travel support; Janssen Cilag: Consultancy. **Rossi:** Abbvie, AstraZeneca, Gilead, BeiGene, BMS, Janssen, Lilly, Kyte: Honoraria, Research Funding. **Frederiksen:** Novartis: Research Funding; Sanofi: Research Funding; Alexion: Research Funding; Gilead: Research Funding; Abbvie: Research Funding; Janssen Pharmaceuticals: Research Funding. **Kutsch:** Celgene: Other: travel support; Gilead: Honoraria, Other: travel support, Research Funding; Abbvie: Honoraria, Other: travel support; Roche: Honoraria; BMS: Honoraria; AstraZeneca: Honoraria, Research Funding; Janssen: Other: travel support. **Dürig:** Roche: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: travel support; Sanofi: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: travel support; Beigene: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: travel support; Celgene: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: travel support; Janssen: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: travel support; AstraZeneca: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: travel support; Amgen: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: travel support; Abbvie: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: travel support. **Böttcher:** AstraZeneca: Honoraria, Speakers Bureau; Sanofi: Honoraria, Speakers Bureau; Janssen: Honoraria, Research Funding, Speakers Bureau; Abbvie: Honoraria, Speakers Bureau; Roche: Honoraria, Speakers Bureau. **Simon:** AstraZeneca: Research Funding; Lilly Pharma: Other: Travel support. **Fink:** Abbvie: Other: travel support; AstraZeneca: Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding. **Fischer:** Roche: Honoraria, Other: Travel Support; AstraZeneca: Consultancy; Abbvie: Honoraria, Other: TRavel support. **Kreuzer:** Abbvie: Consultancy, Research Funding, Speakers Bureau; Janssen: Consultancy, Research Funding, Speakers Bureau; Roche: Consultancy, Research Funding, Speakers Bureau. **Brügge-mann:** Incyte: Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees; Amgen: Membership on an entity's Board of Directors or advisory committees, Research Funding, Speakers Bureau; Regeneron: Research Funding; Pfizer: Speakers Bureau; Affimed: Research Funding; BD: Speakers Bureau; Janssen: Speakers Bureau. **Tausch:** Janssen-Cilag: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: travel support, Speakers Bureau; Abbvie: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: Travel Support, Research Funding, Speakers Bureau; Roche: Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding, Speakers Bureau; AstraZeneca: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: travel support, Speakers Bureau; BeiGene: Consultancy, Other: Travel support, Speakers Bureau. **Stilgenbauer:** Amgen: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: travel support, Research Funding; Abbvie: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: travel support, Research Funding; Celgene: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: travel support, Research Funding; Gilead: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: travel support, Research Funding; GSK: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: travel support, Research Funding; Roche: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: travel support, Research Funding; Janssen: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: travel support, Research Funding; Novartis: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: travel support, Research Funding; Sunesis: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: travel support, Research Funding; AstraZeneca: Consultancy, Honoraria, Other: travel support, Research Funding. **Hallek:** AstraZeneca: Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding; Janssen: Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding; Gilead: Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding; Abbvie: Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding; BeiGene: Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding; Roche: Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding. **Kater:** LAVA: Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding; AstraZeneca: Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding; BMS: Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding; Genentech, Inc.: Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding; Janssen: Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding; Abbvie: Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding. **Niemann:** Carsten Niemann has received research funding and/or consultancy fees from AstraZeneca, Janssen, Abbvie, Beigene, Genmab, CSL Behring, Octapharma, Takeda, and Novo Nordisk Foundation.: Consultancy, Research Funding. **Eichhorst:** AstraZeneca: Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding, Speakers Bureau; BeiGene: Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding, Speakers Bureau; Gilead: Consultancy, Research Funding; Janssen: Consultancy, Research Funding, Speakers Bureau; Lilly: Consultancy, Speakers Bureau; MSD: Consultancy, Honoraria, Speakers Bureau; F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ltd: Honoraria, Research Funding, Speakers Bureau; Abbvie: Consultancy, Honoraria, Research Funding, Speakers Bureau.

OffLabel Disclosure: The triple combination of venetoclax, ibrutinib and obinutuzumab is not approved for the treatment of CLL

Figure 1

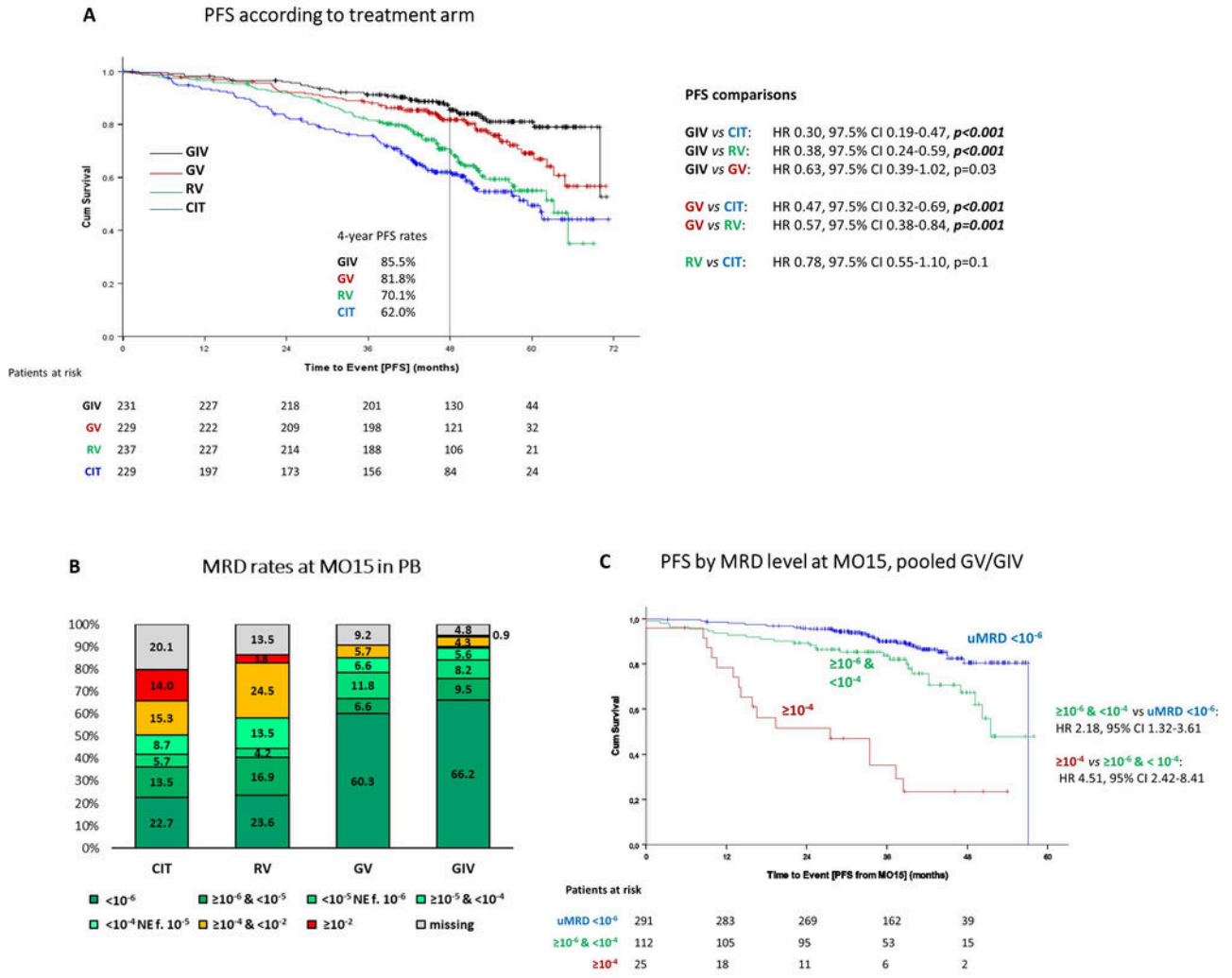


Figure 1

<https://doi.org/10.1182/blood-2023-173709>